ALEXANDRIA GAZETTE, COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL

PUBLISHED *DAILY* BY *S. SNOWDEN*, ROYAL-STREET, ALEXANDRIA.

VOL. XVII.] SATURDAY, MARCH 1, 1817 [4852

Notice.

The public are hereby informed that a company has been formed under the title of THE QUANTICO WAREHOUSE COMPANY, who have erected, one mile below the town of Dumfries, a large and convenient Warehouse on Quantico creek, for the storage of flour, grain, etc. which warehouse will be ready for the reception of produce on Monday the third of Feb. next. The trustees of said Company have appointed Zebulon Kankey their Agent, to attend the said Warehouse, to receive produce on storage and grant receipts for the same. And for the prompt delivery of all articles received in the said warehouse by their agent, (fire alone excepted) the Company hold themselves bound. All persons depositing flour, grain, etc. must pay, before taken away, the following storage, viz. For each barrel of flour 6 cents; if it remains in said warehouse over 1 month 8 cents; & in the same proportion for the time it may remain. For each bushel of wheat or other grain two cents; if it remains over one month three cents; and in the same proportion for the time it may remain. And for all articles of merchandise a reasonable storage only will be demanded. Persons storing flour may have it inspected, or not, at their option. If not inspected, the agent's receipt will specify the brand and the state of the barrels. The weight of one bushel wheat, running measure of each load or parcel of wheat. All articles stored, the same to be returned to the owner when called for, be it flour, wheat, other grain, etc. Customary allowances for wastage, etc. excepted.

Quantico Warehouse is situated on Quantico Creek, only two miles from its junction with the Potomac river, at all times navigable for lighters. There are belonging to this creek a sufficient number of lighters to ensure a brisk transportation down the creek of all articles stored. Vessels may be got to take produce to the district of Columbia, Baltimore, Norfolk, or elsewhere. The present freights are—To the district twelve and half cents per barrel of flour, and to Baltimore and Norfolk 25 cents from the mouth of Quantico. The proximity of this warehouse to a large extent of country, added to the goodness of roads leading to it from the westward being little inferior to paved ones. It being found by actual survey little more than 25 miles from Hay Market to Dumfries, will, it is confidently believed by the trustees, by this rout greatly lessen the expense of transportation of produce even to the district of Columbia, and they pledge themselves to the public to use every means within their power to give satisfaction.

Timothy Brundige
George Williams
John Linton
James Deneale
Wm. A. Linton
Francis H. Dunnington
William Smith
Trustees of the Quantico Warehouse Company.

Jan 28 eo4w

District of Columbia.

County of Alexandria—to wit:
November term, 1816.

The Common Council of Alexandria. Complaint,

Against

Mary Bushby, widow and Roberts and Elizabeth his wife, Beverly Waugh and Catharine his wife. Mary Bushby, & Joseph Bushby, heirs of William Bushby, deceased. and John Neill, } *In Chancery*

Defendants

The defendants, Mary Bushby, and Jonathan Roberts and Elizabeth his wife, Beverly Waugh, and Catharine his wife, Mary Bushby and Joseph Bushby, not having entered their appearance and giving security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said defendants Mary Bushby and Jonathan Roberts, and his wife. Beverly Waugh, and Catharine his wife, Mary Bushby and Joseph Bushby, are, not inhabitants of this District; on motion of the complainants by their counsel, it is ordered that the said defendants, Mary Bushby, widow, and Jonathan Roberts, and Elizabeth his wife, Beverly Waugh and Catharine his wife, Mary Bushby and Joseph Bushby, do appear here on the first day of April term next, and enter their appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court, and that the other defendant, John Neill, do not pay away, convey, or secrete, the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands, belonging to the said absent defendants Mary Bushby and Jonathan Roberts and Elizabeth his wife, Beverly Waugh and Catharine his wife, Mary Bushby and Joseph Bushby, until the further order or decree of this Court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court House of said county.

A copy—Test
G. DENEALE, C. C.

January 28 law2m

SALES AT VENDUE.

On every Tuesday and Friday,
WILL BE SOLD,
At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and Water Streets,
A VARIETY OF
Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in the bills of the day.

☞ All kind of goods which are on limitation and the prices of which are established, can at any time be viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation and prices.

P. G. MARSTELLER.

Sales at Auction.

On Wednesdays and Saturdays,
WILL BE OFFERED,
At the Auction Office on Union street, Between King and Prince—

AN extensive and general assortment of seasonable Goods, of British, French, German, India, and Domestic Manufacture, which will be well selected, and well worthy the attention of town and country merchants and others; as the undersigned will be abundantly supplied from the manufactors and their friends in Boston, New York and Philadelphia—which will give to gentlemen an opportunity of laying in their goods on as good terms as they can be in those cities, taking into view the difference of Exchange, etc. etc.

The particular description of goods will be advertised in the papers of the day.

Consignments strictly attended to and liberal advances made if desirable.

John Jackson & Co.
Auctioneers.

November 27

Exchange Office, *Georgetown.*

I WILL give the highest premium for Drafts at Sight, and Bank Notes, on the following places, viz.

Boston, New York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina and Georgia.—I will also give the highest premium for Drafts on New-Orleans, Treasury Notes and Specie.

All kinds of Western Bank Notes bought and sold.

All kinds of Stocks and Bills of Exchange bought and sold.

Notes, Drafts, and Interest collected and remitted for a small commission.

☞ Persons travelling to any part of the United States may be supplied with *suitable Funds.*

☞ Please to enquire at my Exchange and Broker's Office, *Bridge-street, Geo. Town.*

Romulus Riggs.

June 1 tf

Burr Mill Stone Manufacture

John S. Brown and Co.

Respectfully inform the Public that they continue the MANUFACTURE of BURR MILL STONES, on the corner of Patrick and Cameron-streets, in the town of Alexandria, where they are ready to receive any orders with which they may be favored, and will execute them with all despatch and in the best manner.

They have received an assortment of

Bolting Cloths

Of good quality, and intend keeping a constant supply.

september 23 tf

Bolting Cloths.

The subscriber has just received by the General Lingan, Captain Weston, from Amsterdam, a large and elegant assortment of Bolting Cloths, of a superior quality, which will be offered for sale at the store of Mr. James Anderson.

Amos Alexander.

October 6 tf

Paper for Sale.

David and J. Ross

Have received, per ship Potomac, from Genoa.

87 bales writing paper, assorted

Which they offer for sale on very low terms. They keep a constant supply of first quality chewing tobacco for sale by the quantity.

Dec 17

FOR SALE,

A tract of Land containing 357 acres, more or less, lying on Occoquan Bay in the county of Fairfax and state of Virginia, adjoining the lands of Robert I. Thompson and William Mason. It is presumed those desirous of purchasing will view the land and for themselves judge of its peculiar advantages. One third of the purchase money will be required in hand, the balance at 12, & 18 months, with a deed of trust to secure the payments.

Thompson F. Mason.

December 14.

New Publications

And other valuable Books,
Lately received and for sale by
James Kennedy and Son.

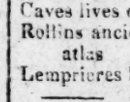
EUSTACE'S Classical Tour thro' Italy, 2 vols
Chateaubriand's travels through Greece, Palestine, etc
Ditto recollections of England and America, etc.
Ditto beauties of christianity
Ali Bey's travels in Europe, Asia and Africa
Mawe's ditto in Brazil
Humboldt's ditto in South America
Salt's ditto in Abyssinia
Morier's ditto in Persia and Armenia
La Baume's narrative of the Russian campaign
Memoirs and campaigns of Bernadotte
Philippart's memoirs of General Moreau
Memoirs of the Marchioness La Roche Jaquelin
Galt's life of Benjamin West with a portrait
Charnocks ditto of lord Nelson
Hayleys life of Cowper
Hills ditto of Doctor Blair
Ramsays ditto Washington
Johnsons lives of the poets
Murphys life of Garrick
Memoirs of Elizabeth Carter
Tookes life of Catharine 2d
Caves lives of the apostles & evangelists
Rollins ancient history with and without atlas
Lemprieres biographical dictionary
——— classical ditto
Edwards's history of the West Indies, and atlas
Gibbons ditto of Rome
Goldsmiths ditto of ditto, calf, gilt
ditto ditto of Greece ditto
Murphys translation of Tacitus, ditto
Beloes ditto of Herodotus ditto
Ramsays history American revolution
Bozmans ditto of Maryland
Stoddards account of Louisiana
Carvers travels in South America
De Warvilles ditto in the United States
Mellish's ditto in ditto
Morses universal geography and atlas
ditto ditto gazetteer of the English and Welsh continent
Brookes's ditto ditto
Anecdotes of Frederick the great
Plutarch's lives, calf gilt and plain
Sterne's works
Elegant Miniature Editions of the following:
British Theatre in 33 volumes
Works of Shakespear, Thompson, Goldsmith, Lord Byron, Burns, Walter Scott, Cowper Dryden's Virgil, Homer's Iliad, by Pope, Zimmerman on Solitude, Salmagundi

ALSO.

Bibles and common prayer books of all sizes and prices, Watts's psalms and hymns, Dwight' Rippon's, & Methodist collections, Smith and Little's psalmody
School and classical books of every description, and a large assortment of childrens books, with engravings both colored and plain.

February 19 eo6t

For Norfolk and Richmond,



The packet sloop Antelope, captain West; now laying at Conway's wharf, burthen 118 tons, in complete order and well found, will sail as soon as the river opens, having part of her cargo engaged for both places.

For freight or passage, having good accommodations, apply to
Jacob Hoffman,
George Coleman,
William Garner, or to the Master on board.

February 24 eo6t

For Sale,

THAT substantially built & elegantly finished three story *Brick Dwelling House* on Water-street, formerly the residence of the late Dr. *Kennedy*; with which will be sold, either conjointly or separately, the adjoining vacant *Lot*, 29 feet front and 120 feet deep.—The terms of sale will be very accommodating to the purchaser.

If this property be not sold previously to the 15th of May next, it will then be for *Rent* and possession given immediately thereafter.

Application may be made to

J. L. M'Kenna.

april 24 d3t&2awtf

Alexandra, Dec. 30, 1816.

Was committed to the jail of this county as a runaway, a negro man named William—he is about 5 feet 7 inches high—stout made—about 36 years of age—was bought of a Mrs. Bowe of Maryland by a Mr William Jones of Georgia and run from him in Virginia—The owner is requested to call and prove his property pay charges and take him away otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

JAMES CAMPBELL, Jailor

December 31 1aw2m

Just Published

And ready for Delivery,
THE MONTHLY VISITANT,
No. V.

Feb 5

PUBLIC UTILITY

ROMULUS RIGGS

At the Exchange and Broker's office, Bridge Street, Georgetown, has, got his establishment so arranged that he is at all times prepared to furnish money in any part of the U. States; persons holding funds they wish to exchange can be accommodated by forwarding them to his office; all those holding notes of any of the banks of the District in any part of the U. States, by sending them to this office, may have them put into the currency of the neighbourhood.

The highest premium paid for drafts and bank notes on Boston, N. York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Virginia, North Carolina, South Carolina, Georgia; also for United States Bank notes, Treasury notes and specie. Holders of unchartered bank notes, from any part of the U States, can have them put into specie or any thing they may wish; all kinds of western bank notes bought and sold—All kinds of stock bought and sold, transfers made, dividends, notes and drafts collected and remitted for a small commission; persons abroad having claims against houses in the district, can have them punctually attended to and settled. As there are many persons who have money lying idle, who would wish to put it to interest, such persons can have six per cent per annum for it, for any time not less than sixty days, and not longer than twelve months: interest paid every sixty days if required, and principle when demanded by giving three days notice, no sums less than one hundred dollars received on interest. The best security given. Office kept open for business from eight o'clock in the morning until six o'clock in the evening.

January 28

Little River Turnpike Comp'y

AT the annual meeting of the Stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company, in the town of Alexandria, on the 13th January 1817—it was

Resolved, That for the purpose of encouraging the use of broad wheeled waggons on the Little River Turnpike Road, that all waggons the breadth of the wheels whereof shall be 6 inches, shall be permitted to pass the gates on said road toll free for the term of 2 years, and all waggons whose wheels shall be the breadth of 5 inches, shall be permitted to pass toll free for the term of 18 months—also, all waggons the breadth of the wheels whereof shall be 4 inches and under 5 inches, shall be permitted to pass on paying half toll for the term of 3 years from the time they shall pass the respective gates, which shall be specially noticed by the gate keeper, who shall notify the treasurer of the same. This regulation shall be extended to all persons who shall avail themselves of it within three years from this date.

PHILIP NELSON, Chnirman.

January 17 2aw6m

☞ The editor of the Winchester Gazette, is requested to insert the above six months, and send his account to this office.

Fire Insurance.

The Columbian Insurance Company of Alexandria, continue to insure buildings, furniture, merchandize and other property, from loss by fire. The condition and terms, may be learned upon application at their office, next door to the City Hotel and will be found as moderate & equitable as those of any other company.

The rates of premium are calculated in reference to the actual risk of property, and are as low as 25 cents per 100 dollars per annum for hazards of the best description, increasing proportionably for risks of a more hazardous nature. Insurances may be made for one or more years, or shorter periods.

Columbian Insurance Office, Feb. 20. d2w1atf

Feb 20

German Redemptioners.

A few entire Families, consisting principally of Farmers and Tradesmen, remain on board the Dutch ship Jufvrouw Johanna, off Annapolis, who will bind themselves to serve a certain time to those who pay their passages. Apply to Mr. John Bolte at Annapolis, or captain Bleeke, on board.

February 25 eo6t

Lime, Plaister & Coffee.

JOHN G. LADD AND CO.

Offer for sale on moderate terms;

500 casks fresh Thomaston lime
700 ditto ditto Rhode Island do
200 tons Plaister Paris
32000 wt prime St. Domingo coffee.

February 25

Orphan's Court,

Alexandria County,
Feb. Term, 1817.

Ordered, That the executors of John May, deceased, do insert the usual advertisement three times a week for four weeks in the Alexandria newspapers.

Copy—Test,
A. MOORE, Reg Wills.

This is to give Notice,

That the subscribers, of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, have obtained from the Orphans' Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of John May, late of said county dec'd: All persons having claims against the said decedent, are hereby warned to exhibit the same with the vouchers thereof, passed by the Orphans' Court, to the subscriber, on or before the 10th day of August next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under our hands this 10th day of February, 1817.

David Ross,
Jonah Isabell,
Executors of John May.

Feb 10 co4w

Alexandria, November 27

Was committed to the jail of this county as a runaway, a Negro Woman who says her name is Rosetta Jones, and that she is free and was born in Lancaster county, state of Virginia; she is about 38 years of age; dark complexion and lived in this town about 3 months

The owner, if any, is requested to come and prove his property, pay charges and take her away, otherwise she will be disposed of as the law directs

James Campbell,
Keeper of the jail for Washington
Boyd, Marshal

To hire for one year,

A likely Mulatto Man about 21 years of age: he is active and strong Enquire at this Office

Feb 1

Potomac & Shenandoah Lottery,

Second Class,

WILL draw every Friday until further notice. The 19th day's drawing will take place on Friday, when the 1st drawn number will be entitled to 100 tickets, from No. 10,301, to 10.400 inclusive, with all the prizes they have or may draw.

R. GRAY.

February 25

Runaway Negro POLL.

Ranaway from the subscriber living in Alexandria, a negro woman named Poll, she is a stout strong woman, about 5 feet 10 inches high, broad thick nose & large thick lips, on the back part of her arms there is a scar occasioned by the frost, and her ears have been bored. Had on and took with her a blue striped domestic rapper, patched under the left sleeve with something of a different color; she also had a white muslin frock, one ditto with a yellow sprig, and one ditto of a kind of second mourning; three petticoats, one of India cotton, one of ozna brigs, and one of real flannel.

I will give Five Dollars if she be taken in Alexandria and brought to me; Ten Dollars if ten miles further; Twenty Dollars if twenty miles, and so on in proportion to the distance, and reasonable charges paid.

Jacob C. Hellrigle.

☞ I caution every person not to harbor the above negro, being determined to prosecute them with rigor.

February 26 8

Lawrason & Fowle,

Have for sale, received per the schooner Buffaloe, from Portland—

15 hogsheads, 23 barrels } Muscovado Sugars
1 box white Havana ditto
15 hogsheads retailing molasses
4 ditto New England rum
12 tons Russia iron assorted
50 tons plaister Paris.

For Freight,

The schooner Buffaloe, Captain Lee; is a first rate vessel, carries about 750 barrrels, will be ready in four days to take a cargo on board, and take freight for the West Indies or coastwise Apply as above.

january 18

NOTICE.

The Stockholders of the Mechanic's Bank of Alexandria, are hereby notified, that an election for fifteen Directors, for the ensuing year, will be held at the court house, in this town, on Monday the 10th of March next, at ten o'clock, A. M.

By order of the President and Directors,
William Paton, jun.
Cashier.

February 8

Little River Turnpike Stock

WANTED;

For which cash will be paid at the *Fire Insurance Office.*

February 13

QUIGLY'S

Burr Mill Stone Manufactory.

THE subscriber has received a large supply of BURR BLOCKS direct from France, and has commenced making Burr Mill Stones, at his shop, upper end of King street, near the store of Mr James Anderson, where he can on a short notice, furnish Stones of any size, warranted equal to any in the United States and on the most reasonable terms.

Michael Quigly.

april 6 tf

WHISKEY.

LINDSAY & HILL,

Have just received and offer for sale 52 barrels rectified *Whiskey*—old.

February 7 tf

Merchants Bank Paper

I will receive a few hundred dollars of Merchants Bank Paper in payment for dry goods, at 50 cents to the dollar.

Jonathan Scholfield.

February 7

For Liverpool,

The prime, fast sailing ship NEW JERSEY, Capt. A. Hodgkinson; having part of her cargo engaged, will take freight on moderate terms.

Apply to
Brown and Wilson,
or Joseph Dean,

January 6 tf

COMBS.

Thomas Mount,

Continues to have Combs manufactured from tortoise shell and horns. He has just finished about one hundred & fifty dozen tortoise shell Combs, of newest fashions; which, with a very general assortment of combs of all descriptions and a very handsome collection of

Fancy Goods, Hardware and Cutlery,

Inferior to none in the district of Columbia, he offers for sale on reasonable terms, at his Fancy Hardware Store on King street.

Editors of the National Intelligencer are requested to insert the above three times and send their account to this office.

February 14

NOTICE.

Whereas I did by assignment dated 31st Jan 1817, transfer and assign to Isaac Robbins for certain purposes therein mentioned all my books, rights, credits, etc

Notice is hereby given to all persons indebted to me by bond, note or book account, that the same is required to be paid to Isaac Robbins the assignee above mentioned who alone is authorised by me to receive the same

Daniel Cawood.

Feb 5 d1w6tm

Lewis Hipkins & Co.

Have imported in the ships Boston and Gen. Smith,

A Quantity of

HARD WARE, CUTLERY, &c. which, with their former stock on hand, renders their assortment very complete.

They have also on hand GERMAN GOODS, and

Swedish Bar Iron,

all of which will be sold low.

September 26

Potomac and *Shenandoah* Navigation Lottery.

THE drawing of the Lottery will be recommenced on Monday the third of February next.

Tickets to be had of Joseph Brewer, at the Commissioner's Office in George-Town, and of Jonah Thompson, Agent of said Lottery, in Alexandria.

Elie Williams, Pres't.

December 27

Alexandria Gazette

PUBLISHED BY
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,
ROYAL STREET, ALEXANDRIA.

Daily Gazette 7 Dollars.
Country Gazette 5 Dollars.

SATHRDAY, March 1

DENTIST.

FROM personal experience and observation, we confidently state, that Dr. ROBERT SMETHER is a prudent and judicious DENTIST; and from assurances we have seen in his possession, from persons of high character, as well as from our own knowledge, we consider him as a gentleman of strict morality and integrity.

James H. Blake,
Geo. A Carroll,
P Bradley,
O. B. Brown.

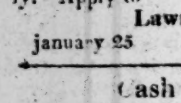
February 24 eo6t

Butter and Clover Seed;

30 firkins best Bath county butter &
75 bushels warranted clover seed,
Received and for sale by
Thomas Janney & Co.

Feb 1

For Boston & Portland.



The sch'r Buffaloe, Capt Lee, will sail as soon as the ice permits and take some freight if offered immediately. Apply to
Lawrason and Fowle.

january 25

Cash for Furs.

The highest Cash Prices will be given by the subscriber for all kinds of Furs.
Samuel D Harper.

January

A few Shares of Mechanics' Bank Stock, for sale.

Apply to the Printer.

Jan 2 tf

Notice.

Ranaway from the subscriber in Cornwallis's Neck, a negro woman named Phillis, formerly the cook and market woman of Captain Richard Stonestreet, of Broad Creek—I have heard she wishes to get to Philadelphia. I will give One Hundred Dollars if taken in or about Philadelphia; Twenty five if taken in or about Baltimore, and Fifty Dollars if taken in Alexandria or neighborhood, and secured in any jail so that I get her again. I heard lately she was seen in Washington with her free husband, who call himself William Adams

Joseph N. Stonestreet.

February 22 tf

Potomac and Shenandoah Navigation Lottery.

Second Class.

Will draw every Friday until farther notice. Eighteenth days drawing will take place this day, when the first drawn number will be entitled to 100 tickets, from Number 10,201 to 10,300 inclusive, with all the prizes they have or may draw.

Robert Gray.

February 21

IN COUNCIL, February 11.

The following persons were appointed commissioners for holding elections in the different wards on Tuesday the 4th day of March next, for members to serve in the common council for the ensuing twelve months, viz.

W Harper sen, P T Brooks, M Robinson	At Boardman's and Neale's tavern, for the first ward
Colin Auld, W Bartleman, John Lougden	At the council chamber for 2d ward
John Roberts, C Neale, James Douglass	At Indian Queen tavern for 3d ward
T Lawrason, A Moore, J C Vowell	At Mr Girdis, corner of Duke and St. Asaph streets, for 4th ward

Teste, I P. Thompson, cc.

Merchants' Bank Paper,

[At Fifty Cents for the Dollar]

Will be received in payment for Tickets in the Potomac and Shenandoah Lottery, if applied for soon.

R. GRAY.

January 31

FOR SALE,

A female Servant, of middle age; is an excellent cook, washer & ironer and a good house servant.

ALSO,

A male Servant to hire, inferior none in the district as a house servant laborer. Enquire of the Printer.

February 27 3tf

TO RENT,

The large and commodious three st Brick Warehouse, now in the posse of Dodge and Kettell, lower end of K street. Possession may be had the 2 of February next. Apply to

Griffith and Brawner.

December 5] law

By John Jackson & co.

On Saturday first March, at 10 o'clock At the auction Rooms, Union street will be sold, without reserve,

50 boxes mould candles
60 dipped ditto
40 chocolate, close a concern

ALSO,

Brandy
Sugars
Raisins
30 barrels herrings, nett & gross
Cotton cards
Furniture, etc. etc.

Immediately after,

Superfine cloths
cassimeres
coatings
flannels
calicoes
muslins
30 pieces sup colored bombazetts
Madras and common hkfs
Silk, camels hair, merino shawls
2 cases super silk hats
2 beaver hats
3 trunks ladies shoes
2 mens boots
1 case Irish linens
1 cotton cambrics, &c,

February 28

CO-PARTNERSHIP

The subscribers having entered into co-partnership in the

Blacksmith business.

it will be carried on under the firm of *Rihard Rock & Co.* at the old stand, Union street, where customers and others can be accommodated at the shortest notice; having a complete stock of new materials on hand, they will be able to execute any orders in their line at the shortest notice.

RICHARD ROCK,
HORACE FIELD.

N. B. Those persons who have not settled their accounts with the late firm of Feld & Rock, will please to take notice, that unless payment is made by the first day of April next, they will be put in the hands of proper officers for collection.

All persons indebted to Richard Rock, will make payment to Horace Field, as he is duly authorised to receive the same.

Richard Rock.

February 28 eotf

A Blacksmith wanted.

A Blacksmith, respectable of character, master of his trade, and wishing to establish himself in a situation commanding extensive custom, would find it to his advantage to make application to the subscriber, near Salem, Fauquier county, Va,

T Turner.

Feb 28 eotf

Charles County, Maryland.

FOR sale, by private contract, the valuable tract of land called *Benfield*, situated near the mouth of Port Tobacco Creek. This tract of land yields to none in this county for fertility of soil, healthfulness of situation & convenience to markets. The land being in the whole about 1000 acres, is now conveniently divided into a few farms, let to good tenants for more than 1000 dollars per annum, for the present year only; it may be divided to suit purchasers. There is besides, houses for tenants, etc. etc.—a good two story frame house, with four large rooms on a floor, and four brick chimnies; the water is excellent, and the scite of the dwelling house elegant: the barn, corn house and granary are newly built. More than 100 acres of this land is fit for timothy, with which grass a few acres are at this time set.—The farmer and the man of wealth may here find health and amusement, combined with great profit, land in Charles county being at least 30 per cent below their average value. There is no county in the state of Maryland where lands offer to the cultivator equal advantages.

Also, two other tracts of land called the Grange and the Mill Farm, near the town of Port Tobacco, in a healthy and genteel neighborhood, containing together about 1000 acres of excellent farming land, a large portion of which is proper for timothy meadow, of which grass there is at this time 12 or 14 acres, and is much more ready to lay down. On the Grange Farm there is a large and elegant mansion with all necessary offices, an extesive commodious garden, filled with the choicest flowers, and fruits of the best qualities in great abundance, excellent water, and proverbial for its health. In a residence of 22 years, no members of the family of the present proprietors has ever been attacked by an intermittent or fall fever of any kind.—Should it be desired by the purchaser, about 800 acres more might be added to these farms, in which case the quantity of acres advertised would amount to about 3000. Terms of sale made known on appication to the subscriber.

H. NEWMAN.

If the above lands are not sold previous to the 19th March next, they will on that day be offered at public auction without reserve.

Grange, near Port Tobacco,
February 17—23 } dts

To the Editor of the Alexandria Gaz.

Sir,....When a few weeks since, a statement was made in the Herald, of certain proceedings in the 1st ward, whose tendency was to dismiss the present mayor from office, I considered them to be the effects of a factious cabal. Subsequent occurrences have strengthened this opinion, and have afforded another example of the facility with which transgressors of law, and violators of moral duties are transformed into legislators and patriots. Instead of detailing the particulars of this curious metamorphosis or of commenting on the subjects of it, let it be my humble and less amusing office, to investigate their designs, and to expose the falseness of their assertions.

Notwithstanding the parade of honest intention and virtuous zeal with which these reformers usher forth projects, they prudently resolved, not to confide solely in the merits of a good cause, but to call in the ministerial support of argument and wit. A series of literary *draw-cansirs* successively appeared, each of whom performed his special office in *writing down* the constituted authorities of the city. The facts were allotted to "Hard Times." The strength of whose judgment would enable him to exhibit them strongly, and *the liberality of whose moral code* would dispose him to *modify* or *invent* them as exigency might require, the scholastic habits of "Amor Patriæ" obviously designated him as the artificer of brilliant declamation, while the professional skill of "A. B." seemed useful in closing the enterprise by well directed quibbles, and a graceful peroration. Altho' the junto evidently acted in concert they hesitated in what manner to conduct the attack, & differed in stating their ostensible purpose. The most important object of this confederacy of intellect and worth, seems to be the removal of the present mayor from office. I shall consider their various assertions as subordinate to this grand scheme after previously reviewing them individually and separately from this connexion.

The article in the Herald, stating, that a meeting had been held in the 1st ward, in which it was agreed that no man disposed to re-elect the present mayor, should be voted for as a member of the council was followed by an essay signed "Hard Times."—This production though probably an early effort of the writer's mind, bears no token of the modesty which decorum requires from a young author. Yet, aware that the magnitude of an enterprise sometimes dignified its failure, he disdained confining his view to a single point, but embraced a wide range of grievances which were detailed with the bold exaggeration that impudence often assumes, and which is not unfrequently mistaken for the effect of honest zeal. He pathetically complains of the building of the new market house. His delicacy is shocked because two members of the council performed some of the work, and provided some of the materials. His notions of justice are outraged because the superintendant of police, a timber-merchant by profession, furnished any part of the latter himself, when they might have been procured elsewhere. But the town-clock—"that was the unkindest cut of all." What? procure a town-clock from a distant place when we had mechanics among our fellow citizens? Superiority of workmanship and cheapness of cost are cyphers in this projector's mind. His benevolence too is not restricted to his own town, but embraces in its comprehensive grasp the city of Baltimore. The workmen of that place should have been invited to participate in ornamenting Alexandria and gratifying the wishes of its most illustrious citizen, "HARD TIMES." As this newspaper hero does not accuse the members of the council, nor the superintendant of police, just alluded to, of defrauding the public, his reason for depriving them of its confidence must be, that they decline promising to vote against the re-election of the present mayor. The firmness and independence with which that vigilant officer has executed the laws, naturally provoked the resentment of their violators, among whom 'Hard Times' holds an elevated station, if the dignity of an offence be measured by its criminality. Little Johnny so unmercifully exposed him to ridicule that he almost has a claim to our pity—but it is that sort of pity which moralists tell us is allied to contempt.

After his secession from the field, "Amor Patriæ" advances. The expectations excited by the appearance of a champion whose life had been devoted to letters are quickly dispelled by his vapid effusion, in which there is nothing classical but the signature. The industry with which he formerly attempted to enlighten the minds of others, left him no leisure to meliorate his own, and rendered him forgetful of the old maxim, that "charity begins at home." He joins in the yell which "Hard Times" had raised about high salaries, and says that in the years 1800 & 1810, the salaries of the mayor, superintendant of police and clerk were $ 900, and that now they are $ 1740. His statement as far as it extends is true, but he was probably advised by his legal coadjutor not to tell the whole truth; for in the year 1804 when the present charter was carried into operation the salary of the superintendant of police was $ 700; that of the mayor, $ 300 and that of the clerk $ 200. When the clerk's salary was fixed at this sum, his business was simply to record the proceedings of the council.

Since that period, the duties of auditor have been annexed to his office, and have very greatly increased his labors. The auditor is bound to audit all accounts against the corporation; to compare them with the laws; to issue warrants for them; to keep a regular account of work done in every ward; and of work chargable to the general fund; after the assessors have made their returns to prepare an account against each individual from whom a tax is due, in a book provided for the purpose, from which he is to make out and deliver to the collector a copy of each person's account; whenever any payment is made, to make out the accounts of the persons chargeable and deliver them to the collector.

The accounts which he is thus obliged to prepare, amount to 7000 at last. He is also obliged to furnish the printer with fair copies of the laws, and orders of the council for publication; to copy every law passed at full length in a book; to keep printed books of warrants for each ward and for the general fund; to keep each officer's accounts separately. For all this labor he receives the paltry remuneration of $540*

This writer further states, that the mayor and auditor, receive 200 dollars extra. To this allegation there is an objection, of which though Amor Patriæ may not discern the force, the public doubtless will—and that is simply, it is not true. His remarks on the mayor's salary, are founded, (if indeed they have any foundation,) on so gross an ignorance of the duties of that office, that it, seems proper briefly to enumerate them. They are to cause all the laws to be executed—to superintend the conduct of every officer, and to be ready at all hours to attend to the public business. Besides the great responsibility attached to this office, it should be recollected that a faithful execution of it subjects the incumbent to misrepresentations and abuse, and provokes much evil and wanton enmity. The mayor's of Washington and Georgetown, each receive 1000 dollars, and the perquisites. "Hard Times" stated the perquisites of the mayor of this town amounted to 700 or 800 dollars. I have ascertained that they do not amount to 200 dollars.

The opposition to the superintendant of police is equally groundless and calumnious with that to the mayor, and his salary is by no means commensurate with the services, which the law requires him to perform. Amongst them are the duties of street commissoner, & of wardens For them and various painful and unpleasant employments, it is said that 600 dollars is too liberal a compensation. I am told that the superintendant of police in the city of Richmond receives 1200 dollars.

The charges against the superintendant of police are too serious to be noticed when introduced by anonymous defamation. If the design of the nameless individual, who offers them, were fair and honest, he would surely prefer them before the proper tribunal, and corroborate them by evidence. But "pure and honest" is a dialect unknown to this wretched emissary of a wretched cabal. Other qualities than those represented by these epithets had long since denoted him as the fittest person to do the drudgery of this electioneering job. I do not believe that I calculate wrongly when I suppose that the dastardly attacks of this petty scribler upon a worthy citizen will receive no attention from the public until some testimony of their truth is offered. But were I to allow (what indeed would be a very charitable indulgence to any assertion of this writer) the correctness of the facts on which these charges are founded, they do not imply moral turpitude. The most unfavorable aspect, which they bear is, that they violated the letter of the law, and subject to its rigor the individual, who commit[ted] them. If every transgressor of the law becomes immediately and forever undeserving of public confidence, I fear that "Hard Times" and his associates must relinquish their expectations of office, and rest contented with the glory, which their Gazette lucubrations have procured for them. The same charitable precept, which forbids the condemnation of any man unheard, also induces the presumption that the superintendant, when fairly arraigned, may excuse and perhaps justify the slight aberations from his instructions, which the rustic eloquence of "Hard Times" has swelled into atrocious guilt. The other purpose for which the superintendant is accused of fraud is almost too ridiculous to be noticed. The members of council are denounced, because impropriety of conduct has been alleged against their agent. Does any reasonable man (I do not appeal to "Hard Times" and his crew) suppose that the employe deserves punishment because his agent has deceived him.

The next member of this formidable host appears under the signature of A. B. who has varied the scurrilous audacity and senseless jargon of "Hard Times" and "Amor Patriæ" by some curious novelties of doctrine. The most prominent of these is a singular theory of independence. To the mind of our able moralist, independence appears not only a freedom from arbitrary restraint, but also an exemption from responsibility to law. No man is free whom legal interposition would prevent from getting drunk, gambling, beating his wife, and leaving his family beggars. As my poor capacity cannot understand this brilliant anomaly in ethics, I shall attend the writer in his descent from the heights of metaphysical pride to the humble station whence he directs his assault upon the measurer of grain. The appointment of that officer is stated as a heinous offence on the part of the common council. Yet no immorality or oppression has ever been imputed to them for appointing measurers of wood, coal and plank. On the contrary these regulations have always been deemed salutary parts of our municipal system. Is there not the same public utility in subjecting grain to the inspection of an officer, as any of the articles just mentioned? It may be farther observed that whether this law be useful or injurious, no accountability for it rests in the present council. It was passed in the year 180 and all the present council have done, was to appoint the measurer and compel him to do the work, instead of seeing it done.

The next topic which engages the attention of A. B. is the gaming law. The *penalties* of that law so excross his feelings as to render his perception confused and his judgment inactive. If time has yet healed the wound which transgression provoked, he may perhaps retract his assertion, that "Council had no power to pass this law." A reference to our charter shews that the Council is authorised to enact all laws, for the preservation of the morals of the citizens. Surely a law against gaming is of this character. He who duly considers the spirit of the charter, and compares the gaming law with it, will doubtless believe the council to be not only *empowered* but *bound* to pass that regulation. But I forget that independence on moral obligation is a feature of A. B's philosophy. If gambling be a virtue and not a vice, any restriction on it by the corporation a superintendant and Robin Hood and his gang have as much right to labour in their vocation as a schoolmaster has to teach his scholars, a huckster to sell beer or a lawyer to practise his profession when he can persuade any one to employ him.

The next charge against the council is, that having passed an order that the intersection of the streets should be paved with flat stones, they did not order the sellers of these materials to bring down as many as were sufficient for the whole town.

This tremendous opposition ends as it had began in a philippic against the mayor. The earliest transgression of this magistrate was during the first year of his office, when he required the execution of the law, ordering the streets to be lighted. Had our Solomon in corporation affairs, read the laws, he would have found no law repealing that which declares that the streets shall be lighted. With the contradiction natural to folly, he declares it to be the Mayor's duty, to execute the laws, and then censures him for enforcing those two important laws, concerning grazing and lighting the streets. But the principles and practice of Robin Hood & Co. do not form a very consistent code of morals. These objections to lighting

* Whether Amor Patriæ was acquainted with these facts, I neither know nor desire to ascertain. If he was not informed of them, he ought to have been before he commenced his fantastical lecture.

* As "Amor Patriæ" and A. B. are scholars, they can tell "Hard Times" what this word means.

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the lamps might have been more urged by A. B. last year the discovery of one nocturnal offence led him to apprehend their aid in detecting another.

A. B's. notion of law are as injurious and absurd as his ethical dreams. He gravely says, that the mayor should execute the laws with lenity. Can any doctrine be more monstrous than that, which permits the law to be administered at the magistrate's discretion, and not according to its own letter? Will any member of a free community listen to it patiently, when he knows that this arbitrary principle, has originated and promoted every incursion which has ever been made in any age or country on public liberty? Of what use are written laws, if the magistrates discretion be the ultimate rule of decision? But the principle is too absurd to need any farther comment.

This last writer—this "whipper-in of the pack," then howls at the Mayor for misconstruing the charter prescribing the limits of the town. For this error in judgment he denounces him as unfit for office. If misconstruction be criminal how many of our magistrates and judges are amenable to punishment? Even the great A. B. is not wholly immaculate, for I have convicted him of gross ignorance & misconceptions of the charter and laws of the corporation.

Having demonstrated the falsehood of the accusations against the magistrates and Council. I now proceed, Mr. Editor, to perform the other part of my engagement, by considering the object of those accusations. This I have supposed to be the removal from the Mayoralty of the gentleman now occupying that station. The obvious justification of that design would be misconduct on his part. A vigilant attention to his proceedings has produced in my mind a conviction that he has executed the laws with impartiality, firmness and intelligence. His exertions have been invariably directed to suppress immorality & vice, and it is notorious, ly true that our streets have been less annoyed by vagrants and drunkards during his administration than at any preceding period. Undismayed by the clamours of faction and unmoved by the solicitations of friendship, he has given justice free course and has executed the laws upon all sort and descriptions of offenders —from Alpha to Omega —from the most respectable inhabitants of the city down to "Hard Times"& "A.B." His meritorious endeavours have subjected him to every calumny which detested guilt could fabricate, yet he fearlessly encountered & sustained the attacks of maligiant misrepresentation and defamatory censure. The many and serious interruptions which so vigilant a discharge of his duties offered to his other engagements led him [as it is well known] some months since to determine and declare that he would retire from office at the expiration of the present term. I hope however that the factious opposition now attempted to be raised, may induce a change in that resolution, and that every friend to justice and good order will cordially and zealously support his re-election.

I have hitherto supposed that the authors of "Hard Times" "Amor Patriae" and "A. B." were seperate and distinct personages. As I do not pretend to the infallibility of A.B. I am willing to admit that the conjecture may be erroneous, & that one & the same writer has produced those able compositions. This point is not important, the motive on either supposition is the same, and whether the monster has one head or three heads, he should be presented [to borrow an elegant metephor from Hard Times] from "sopping his bread in the corporation pan." GODOLPHIN.

Mr. Snowden,

Fortunately for mankind in general and millions unborn in particular, the election of common council men is at hand, when those now in office must answer to an injured people, for high crimes and misdemeanors, and "descend to the tomb of the Capulets."

We must not only turn them out all and each of them, but oblige them forthwith to expatriate themselves, or suffer death without benefit of clergy (at their honors option) merely by way of example to other "evil doers." What with high salaries, building market houses, oppressive laws, &c. we are all but ruined; have hardly a leg left us to stand on.

As they frequently sat with *closed doors*, it is hoped they did not sell all the public property. My wife, a monstrous smart woman, thinks they did and even mortgage our shop, goods and chattels, lands and tenements, to answer their extravagancies. "Truth will out."

Although some inconsiderate people say the mayor has done his duty faithfully, and saved the town more than his salary. *So consequence.* His office is an office of honor, and he ought to serve for nothing.

The best plan is for us take tours to serve as mayor without pay, and I am willing to take mine first. I am a smart little fellow, right pert, and think I should make an excellent mayor or council man.

"We have fallen on evil times," and must "correct the procedure."

A VOTER.

ALEXANDRIA.

SATURDAY, March 1.

We have to ask the indulgence of our distant friends for the space occupied in the *Gazette* of this morning, with our *local affairs*—the election of members of the Common Council of Alexandria, is not in itself, one would suppose, a subject worthy of filling a public journal; but extraneous circumstances ostensibly of a public nature, having been brought forward in aid of a more covert, and we believe sinister design, to effect a change in the present council, we feel it a duty incumbent on us to aid in elucidating the subject, so that the citizens may not be led away by the false vaporings of pretended friends who endeavour to mislead for the purpose of *sopping their bread in the pan.*

In giving publicity to the following, we beg it to be distinctly understood, that we disagree in opinion with the writer on the most material points in his communication. We have no hesitation in declaring it as our opinion that the present council of our town are as capable of filling the situation in which they are placed, as any others that can or will be selected for that purpose, and much more so than a number of names we have mentioned; that they have acted wisely and with as conscientious a view to the public good and a proper economy, as the welfare of the town required.

We intended to have accompanied this publication with some remarks pointing out its particular fallacy; but a writer in this day's Gazette having taken a general view of the opposition to the present mayor and council, and having promised to more particularly notice a communication in the Herald of yesterday, which, of necessity must embrace the remarks of our correspondent, we forbear saying any thing more.

Mr. SNOWDEN,

Sir—For some days past the Common Council appears to be almost exclusively the subject of conversation and comment both in your paper and the Herald. In some instances direct charges are exhibited against them, yet the writers seem disposed not to hold them in all their deformity to public view. A writer, this day, under the signature of Amor Patriae, intimates his intention in his second number of laying aside this delicacy and taking a view similar to this communication. I was partly induced to withhold this, in consequence of it; but being fully satisfied that much difficulty must exist in placing a subject enveloped in such mystery correctly before the public, I have thought it better to make the statement, that though it may differ, the truth may be come at by comparison.

I have always held it a good rule that no public officers should be accused of malpractices, or that public censure should be pronounced against them without giving them an opportunity of being heard in their defence. With this view therefore, I shall endeavor to state the charges that are considered most serious, against them.

First, they are charged with an unnecessary and improper encrease of the salaries of the officers.

Second. They are charged with want of economy in the disbursement of the public money in the erection of the new market house.

Third. They are charged with improperly using the public money in granting the sum of 600 dollars as a salary for the teacher of the Washington Lancaster School.

Fourth. They are charged with winking at a violation of a law of the common council, passed by themselves, in suffering the superintendant of police to furnish lumber for the market house.

Fifth, They are charged generally with an unnecessary encrease of the public debt, and consequently encreasing the public burthens not justifiable under existing circumstances.

In examining the several charges I shall endeavor to state the facts in relation to each as succinct as possible.

To the first charge it is merely necessary to state that the salaries of the principal officers, mayor, clerk and superintendant, in the years 1809. 1810 and 1811, was nine hundred dollars for the present year $1740—making a difference of 840 dollars.—What extra duties have been performed by these officers that justifies this encrease? I think the duties are the same, and if these duties have been discharged in these years with equal capacity and fidelity, then must the correctness of the charge be manifest. That they have been, has never yet by any of their friends been denied. With respect to the second charge, if it was necessary to build an additional market house, where is the necessity of building it three story—what can be its possible use—I wish it could be shewn. If of no utility, it must be either for appearance or to gratify the vanity, folly & interest of the superintendant and a few individuals whose interests were connected with the change. If for appearance or ornament of the square, 'twill fall far short of its object unless economy is lost sight of in further improvements of the square. If the square is further improved as is contemplated, unless a cupola put on each improvement, it will look like a pig with one ear. Economy and symetry says, that if a cupola was to be erected at all, it ought to be in the centre of the building on Cameron street. This then, in any way the subject is considered, it carries its own condemnation, and the charge is supported.

Third Charge. It will be recollected that the illustrious Washington left a donation to the academy of this place, to be applied as a salary to the teacher of a free school. The sum not being sufficient, the council under the most positive assurance from the persons applying, that no further aid should be required of them, granted the sum of $200 yearly to enable the trustees to carry this great good into effect. Two gentlemen of council, by a reference to the proceedings must recollect the assurances given by them and the grounds on which the council granted it. This year it is encreased to 600 dollars. Though this appropriation is considerable I am somewhat disposed not to object to it, and should not did it not appear to me that the object indirectly prevented, by being taken from the control of the trustees of the academy and given to the Washington institution, the trustees of the academy being members of the society, to further its views.

The 4th charge is supported by the laws as stated in the Gazette of the day —This law was expressly passed to prevent the superintendant from furnishing the lumber, and very correctly too, because it was his duty to see that the council was not cheated, either in quantity, quality or price—yet in the face of this law, the committee have suffered him to furnish the greater part of the lumber. The result is that the lumber is not such as should have been put in the building, and the price greatly more than it could have been purchased for, had we complied withe law. Is not this a gross and palpable violation of their duty.

The 5th charge—On examining the several laws fixing the salaries of the officers of the corporation, it will be seen, that in the years before mentioned the salaries of the officers amounted to $ 3,670. for the present year $ 5,680, making a difference of $ 2,010, this increase of salary alone, is an addition of at least 10 per cent upon the amount of the revenue of the town—this spirit of extravagance, or wanton consumption of the public monies seems to be unconstitutional;—in 1804 the ratio of taxes was 13 cents on the hundred dollars, in 1805 65; in 1806, 60; in 1807, 54; on each dollar, yet the town was left in debt $ 21,000: in the years 1808 9 & 10, the ratio was 16 cents, and the debt was reduced to $ 13,500. The cause is obvious—Prudence and economy was the characteristic of the latter.

By the law making appropriations for the present year, it will appear that the council has appropriated for the current expenses, $20340

For the market house, 7500

Besides there must be another appropriation for what is already done if the bills should be passed for 27840 3500

The taxes and funds of the town amount to 50840

Deducting collection and insolvency, 17000

Leaving this balance of increased debt this year, 16340

To which add balance of old debt, 7000

Paper in circulation not provided for, and which must be provided for either by loads or additional taxes, 14500

Making the debt this year, $37840

Or lest we may not be correct, say 40,000

In further confirmation of the fifth charge, I annex a statement of what ought to be under existing circumstances as far as the work has progressed, the cost of the market house. bills for which are already rendered to the amount of 1644 dollars. The completion of which will cost the town from 8 to 10,000 dollars before any interest can be drawn from it; here is another serious charge against the common council, for not compelling the superintendant to advertise the work and materials, and giving the whole to the lowest bidder. Had this been done, the result would have been as follows—

7 floors of joist 22 ft. making 9000 ft. 450 per hundred,		$405 00
1 24 do	$4 50	5600 00
1600 ft. raftors do	3 50	56 00
600 do to shed		21 00
1500 do joist do	5 50	67 50
25000 shingles	14	3 50
9000 do 1 inch plank	20	1 80
2000 do prime plank for window frames	4	80
Cupola, Lumber, &c		600
Nails, dravage, iron work, &c.		500
Carpenters werk 10 per cent	1300	
Deduct 15 more	200	1100
Brick work		5000
		$8359,50
And this is considered by competent judges more than sufficent but to remove all doubts add to this sum		600
Making		$8909,50

This will leave a difference 2644, less than the bills actually rendered, independent of the interest of the community or the violation of the law. The above calculations of the quantity of lumber is made from an actual inspection of the building, & the prices are taken from the citizen in this mornings' Gazette; there is also another circumstance which even goes more strongly to shew the waste in this unfortunate building, that is counterlaying the first floor; nothing could be more unnecessary; but if necessary why was it not done at once and the plank of which the centres was made used for that purpose; there can be but only one reason, that it would have been a saving of the materials to the town, and loss of sales of materials to the party.

Fellow citizens these are subjects in which your interests are involved, and it behoves you to investigate them. I submit them to your consideration.

A MECHANIC

February 24.

Maj. gen. Brown arrived in this city on Tuesday evening, [not having arrived a day or two ago, as we were informed.] On the same evening also arrived Gen Miller, gen. Swift, Col. Wool, Col. Gardner, Col Mullany, Maj. Reece, and Maj Long, all of the Army. Col Miller and Col Snelling, are also in the city. The interest of the present moment attracts many strangers to the Seat of government.

Nat. Int.

There was an interesting Debate in the senate yesterday on the bill to set aside the property and profits o the United States in the National Bank as a fund for Internal improvement; a sketch of which we hope to lay before our readers, as well as of the Debate in the Senate on the proposition, rejected on Tuesday, for the reduction of the Army.

Ib.

Port of Alexandria.

FROM THE EXCHANGE COFFEE-HOUSE BOOKS.

February 28.

Schooner Mechanic, Moore, from Savannah, arrived at NYork 24th instant. On the 19th, lat. 39. 21, lon. 72, 50, spoke schr Five Brothers, 10 days from Boston, bound to this port.

Schr. Swiftsure, Thomas, from Charleston, (S. C.) arrived at Boston 21st. inst. Spoke 26th ult. lat. 37. lon 73. 44.

Brig Frederick, Mayo 14 days from Boston, bound to this port.

Brig Coolceo Tarlton, from Martinique, arrived at Salem, 21st inst. Spoke January 20th lat 28. 50, lon 65. Schooner Eliza-Jane, of Fredericksburg, under Jury masts.

Brig New-packet, Luce, 10 days from Boston bound to Richmond, went up James River, 22d. inst.

LOST.

A Check drawn, by C. Smith, Cashr. on the Mechanich Bank of Baltimore in favor of John Cox, and by him endorsed dated 21st Jannary, for 28.000 dollars, written on a quarter sheet of letter paper the finder is requested to return it to either of the parties, or to the Bank of Columbia.

March 1 tf

CLOVER SEED.

A small supply, for sale by

JAS. & JACOB DOUGLAS

January 30 eo3t&lawtf

30 Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, on the 4th inst an apprentice to the Plastering business, named WILLIAM BRIGGS, about 25 years of age, 5 feet 4 inches high, brown complexion, grey eyes, brown hair, has a scar on the right fore finger, another on the right side of the upper lip, a rupture on the right groin, and is pitted with the small pox; has also a scar between the thumb and fore finger of the left hand and the nail of the fore finger of the same hand is off, has the initials of his name on his right arm, and a likeness of Washington with his coat of arms marked with Indian ink, and on his left arm is a mermaid and the Tree of Life, marked with the same ink. Had on when he absconded, an old brown surtuit, a snuff colored close bodied coat, lead colored pantaloons, and a black silk vest, pretty much worn—and he stole from me forty dollars. The above reward, and all expenses, will be paid for his apprehension. Masters of vessels and others, are cautioned against employing him in any manner.

WILLIAM MAZINGO.

March 1. 2aw4w

Fifty Dollars Reward.

Ran away from the subscriber, on or about the 22 instant a negroe man named SAM. He is a blacksmith by trade, aged about twenty five years, about 5 feet eight or ten inches in height, has a plesing countenance, shows his teeth more than is usual when he laughs, and is uncommonly plausable in his conversation and manners.

I will pay the above sum to any person who shall apprehend the above runaway and secure him so that I may recover him again, provided he is apprehended to the north of the Potomac, and thirty dollars if apprehended in Virginia or the district of Columbia, south of the Potomac.

Bushrod Washington.

Mount Vernon, near Alexandria,

February 26 March 1 d1v2awtf

To Rent.

The two story brick dwelling House, on Prince street, with stable, carriage house, etc. attached thereto; at present occupied by Mr. Alexander Sangster.—Possession given on the first day of April next. Apply to

Mary Fletcher.

February 28 e3t

Public Sale

To be SOLD, for the *best price they will bring:*

Three valuable two story

well finished Brick Tenements and Lots, on Saturday the 8th of March, at twelve o'clock, situated on the east side Washington street, between Prince and Duke streets in the town of Alexandria, which were conveyed to me by Jonathan Schofield and wife, in trust, to indemnify Andrew Schofield against certain endorsements by him made for the accommodation of the said Jonathan. The above tenements have a healthy situation and in a genteel neighborhood well calculated for private families; and will be sold without reserve. Terms made known at time of sale.

R. I. TAYLOR.

February 5 eots

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

County of Alexandria, to wit: November Term, 1816.

IN CHANCERY.

Colin Auld, complainant—*against*

John Mills, junior, Noblet Herbert and Alexander Baggott, *deft's.*

The defendant John Mills, junior, not having entered his appearance and given security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said defendant John Mills, junior, is not an inhabitant of this district: on motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant John Mills, junior, do appear here on the first day of April term next and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of the court; and that the other defendants Noblet Herbert and Alexander Baggot, do not pay away, convey or secrete, the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant John Mills, junior, until the further order or decree of this court; and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county.

Copy—Teste.

G. DENEALE, c. c.

January 22 law2m

NOTICE.

The committee of council appointed to procure a Town Clock for the use of the corporation, hereby give notice that proposals will be received until the 20th day of March next, for making a Town Clock with four Dials. The contractors will be required to give bond with security for the faithful execution of the work and to warrant its good performance for two years. Proposals to be sent to the clerk of council.

February 27 law3w

JAMES KENNEDY & SON,

DOCKSIDE LEES, KING STREET,

Have just received from LEE'S PATENT MEDICINE Store, No. 45 Maiden Lane, N. York.

A FRESH SUPPLY

Of the following genuine Medicines.

For the prevention and cure of Bilious and Malignant Fevers, is recommended

Hahn's Anti-Bilious Pills.

THIS Medicine has been attended with a degree of success highly grateful to the inventor's feelings, in several parts of the West Indies, and the Southern & Middle States, particularly in N. York, Philadelphia, Baltimore, Petersburg, Richmond. Norfolk, Edenton, Wilmington, Charleston, and Savannah. The testimony of a number of persons at each of the above places can be adduced, who have reason to believe, that a timely use of this salutary remedy has, under Providence, preserved their lives, when in the most alarming circumstances.

Facts of this conclusive nature speak more in favour of a medicine than columns of pompous eulogy, founded on mere assertion.

It is not, indeed, presumptuously proposed as an infallible cure, but the inventor has every possible reason that can result from extensive experience, for believing that a dose of these Pills, taken once in every two weeks, during the prevalence of our bilious fevers, will prove an infallible preventative: and further, that in the earlier stages of those diseases, their use will very generally succeed in restoring health, and frequently in cases esteemed desperate, and beyond the power of common remedies.

The operation of these pills is perfectly mild, so as to be used with safety by persons in every situation, and of every age.

They are excellently adapted to carry off superfluous bile & prevent its morbid secretions—to restore & amend the appetite—to produce a free perspiration and thereby prevent colds which is so often of fatal consequences. A dose never fails to remove a cold if taken on its first appearance—they are celebrated for removing habitual costiveness—sickness at the stomach and severe head-ache—and ought to be taken by all persons on a change of climate.

They have been found remarkably efficatious in preventing and curing disorders attendant on long voyages, and should be procured and carefully preserved for use by every seaman.

HAMILTON'S WORM DESTROYING LOZENGES.

Which have cured an immense number of persons of both sexes, of every age, and in every situation, of various dangerous complaints arising from worms, and from obstructions orfoulness in their stomach and bowels.

This medicine bears no analogy whatever to others of similar titles so commonly complained of, as operating with violence; on the contrary, a particular excellence of this remedy is its being suited to every age and perfectly innocent, and is also mild in its operation cannot injure the most delicate pregnant lady or the tenderest infant of a week old, should no worms exist in the body; but will, without pain or griping, cleanse the stomach and bowels, of whatever is foul or offensive, and thereby prevent the production of worms, and many fatal disorders." The lozenges are particularly efficacious in carrying off all gross humours and eruptions, feverish and bilious complaints, and are the safest and mildest purgative that can be used on any occasion

DESCRIPTION OF WORMS.

And the symptoms by which they are known:

Worms which infest the human body, are chiefly of four kinds, viz.—The Teres, or large round worm; the Ascarides, or small maw-worm; the Cucurbitina, or short, flat, white worm; and lastly, the Tænia, or tape-worm, so called from its resemblance to tape. This is often many yards long, and is full of joints. It is most hurtful and most difficult to remove.

Among the symptoms attending worms are—disagreeable breath, especially in the morning; bad and corrupted gums; itching in the nose, and about the seat; convulsions, epileptic fits, and sometimes privation of speech; starting and grinding of the teeth in sleep; irregular appetite, sometimes loathing food, and sometimes voracious; purging, with slimy & fœtid stools; vomiting; large and hard belly; pains and sickness at the stomach; slow fever, with small and irregular pulse; a dry cough; excessive thirst; sometimes pale and unhealthy countenance, and sometimes the face heated and flushed.

Persons afflicted with any of the above symptoms, should have immediate recourse to Hamilton's Worm Destroying Lozenges, which have been constantly attended with success, in all complaints similar to those above described.

A dose of this medicine given occasionally during the warm season, will effectually prevent the vomiting and purging of cholera infantum—a dreadful disorder, which annually destroys the lives of the infant part of our citizens

Knowing the mildest and most certain remedy known, and this number to be of health and strength a great many in an advanced stage of this fatal complaint. Particular and plain instructions are given for every part of the medicine necessary treatment in such cases.

Children generally take this medicine with eagerness; having a pleasing appearance, and an agreeable taste.

Hamilton's Essence and Extract of Mustard.

A safe and effectual remedy for acute and chronic rheumatism, gout asthmatic gout, palsy, lumbagoo, numbness, white swellings, chilblains, sprains, bruises, pain in the face and neck, etc.

The Genuine Persian Lotion.

So celebrated among the fashionable throughout Europe, is an invaluable cosmetic, perfectly innocent and safe, free from corrosive and repellant minerals, (the basis of other lotions) and of unparralled efficacy in removing blemishes of the face and skin, freckles, pimples inflamatory redness, scurfs, tetters, ringworms, sunburns, prickly heat, &c. The Persian Lotion operates mildly, without impeding the natural, insensible perspiration, which is essential to health, yet its effects are speedy and permanent, rendering the skin delicately soft and smooth and improving the complexion.

The Restorative Powder for the teeth and Gums.

This excellent preparation comforts and strengthens the gums, preserves the enamel from decay, and cleanses and whitens the teeth, by absorbing all the acrimonious slime and foulness, which suffered to accumulate, never fails to injure and finally ruin them.

Hamilton's Grand Restorative,

Is recommended as an invaluable medicine for the speedy relief and permanent cure of the various complaints resulting from dissipated pleasures, juvenile indiscretions, residence in climates unfavourable to the constitution, the immoderate use of tea, frequent inoxication or any other destructive intemperance the unskilful or excessive use of mercury, the diseases peculiar to females at a certain period of life, bad lyings in, &c

HAMILTON'S ELIXIR.

Sovereign remedy for Colds, obstinate Coughs, Asthmas, sore throats, and approaching Consumptions, and most disorders of the breast and lungs.

Hahn's genuine Eye Water.

A sovereign remedy for all diseases of the eyes, whether the effect of natural weakness or of accident.

Toothe Ache Drops.

The only remedy yet discovered which gives immediate and lasting relief in the most severe instances.

Lee's Ointment for the Itch.

Warranted an infallible remedy at one application, may be used with perfect safety on infants a week old, not containing a particle of mercury or any dangerous ingredient whatever, and not accompanied with that tormenting smart which attends the application of other remedies.

Lee's Infallible Ague and Fever Drops.

For the cure of agues, remittent, and intermittent fevers.

Han's true & genuine German Corn Plaister.

☞ At the place of sale pamphlets may be had gratis, describing cures performed by the above medicines; the number, importance and respectability of which, fully justify every article of this advertisement.

August 10

and for Sale or Exchange

Lying at the mouth of Pomonkey Creek, a Tract of land of 340 acres lying affording every agricultural advantage, with an eleasnt scite for building.

A tract of 334 ACRES, lying about one mile from the former, a considerable portion in wood.

Another about 25 ACRES, about a mile from the first mentioned, entirely in wood of the best quality.

A tract of 351 ACRES, lying on Mattawoman Creek, having the advantages of the best navigation, a good spring and winter fishery. On this farm is a comfortable dwelling house, barn, stables, and the necessary out houses for the accommodation of a family.

A tract of 236 acres about one mile from the mouth of Mattawoman Creek entirely in wood; will cut from 20 to 30 cords per acre which can be sold at the mouth of the above mentioned creek at from 4 to 5 dollars per cord.

A tract of 100 acres at the mouth of Mattawoman Creek upon which is the well known fishery called Rum Point; on it are good out houses for curing any quantity of fish and every necessary convenience. All the above lands are on and near the Potomac, in Charles County Maryland

I will sell low, or exchange for lands in Virginia, any of the abovementioned tracts. It is unnecessary to say anything as to terms of sale, as any person wishing to purchase would either visit the premises or communicate by letter with the subscriber, residing near the head of Mattawoman Creek, about seven miles from Port Tobacco, Charles county, Maryland.

G. MASON.

February 15 law3m

Just Received

Price 5 dollars bound and lettered

The new and complete life of our

Blessed Lord & Saviour

JESUS CHRIST,

Containing an authentic and full account of all the wonderfull transactions, sufferings and death of our

GLORIOUS REDEEMER:

With the lines, acts and sufferings of his holy Apostles, Evangelists, Disciples, &c including the lives of St. John the Baptist, the Virgin Mary, and many other eminent persons, abd primative Christians, not to befound in any other work of the kind by

PAUL WRIGHT, D D

—

ALSO,

Price 2 dollars and a half bound; a Register of Officers and Agents, Civil Military and Naval, in the service of the United States, on the 15th day of Sept. 1816. Published in pursuance of a resolution of congress, of the 27th April 1816.

R. GRAY.

February 12

Charles County Court,

August Term 1816

On application to Charles County Court by petition in writing of John Budd, of Charles County, for the benefit of the act of assembly for the relief of sundry insolvent debtors, passed at November session 1805, & the several supplements thereto on the terms mentioned therein; a schedule of his property and a list of his creditors on oath, as far as he can ascertain them, accompanying his petition; and the court being satisfied by competent testimony, that the said John Budd has resided two years immediately preceding the time of his application, in the state of Maryland. It is thereupon ordered and adjudged, that the said John Budd, by causing a copy of this order to be inserted in some one of the newspapers edited the district of Columbia, once a week for two months, before the third Monday in March next, give notice to his creditors to APPEAR before the said court at the court house in Charlestown on the said third Monday in March next for the purpose of recommending a trustee for their benefit, and to shew cause if any they have, why the said John Budd should not have the benefit of the act assembly aforesaid, and the several supplements thereto, as prayed.

Testa. JOHN BARNES, Clk.

January 8 law2m

DISTRICT OF COLUMBIA.

County of Alexandria, to wit: November Term, 1816.

IN CHANCERY.

The Common Council of Alexandria, *complainants—against*

Llewellyn C. Griffith, John F Smith, and Peter Saunders, *defts.*

THE defendant Llewellyn C. Griffith, not having entered his appearance and giving security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said defendant Llewellyn C. Griffith, is not an inhabitant of this district—on motion of the complainant by his counsel, it is ordered, that the said defendant Llewellyn C. Griffith, do appear here on the first day of the next term of this court, and enter his appearance to the suit and give security for performing the decrees of this court; and that the other defendants John F. Smith and Peter Saunders, do not pay away, convey or secrete, the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in their hands belonging to the said absent defendant Llewellyn C. Griffith, until the further order or decree of the court: and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the court house of said county

Copy—Test.

G. DENEALE, c. c.

January 22 law2m

Old Wine, &c.

The subscriber has added to his former stock four pipes of high flavored 6 year old wine from the house of Scott, Pringle Veitch & Co. which he solicits a trial of

IN STORE,

L. P. Madeira wine in pipes, half pipes and quarter casks from each of the most celebrated houses in the island.

Port L. P. Teneriffe and Sherry wines.

Old Cognac Brandy. Holland gin; with a general assortment of liquors and groceries, for sale at reduced prices, by

JOHN H. CREASE.

Also ten barrels Rye Flour.

February 5 d4teoff

For Sale,

A few casks Messrs Murdock, Youille, Wildrop and Co's London Particular Madeira—Quality, fine

W HODGSON

Jan 31

For New Orleans,

The ship Potomac, Charles Bradford, master; will sail on the 20th of the ensuing month; weather permitting.—For freight or passage, having excellent accommodations, apply to

John Janney and Co.

1 mo. 25 eott

District of Columbia.

County of Alexandria—to wit: November term. 1816.

The Common Council of Alexandria. Complaint.

Against

Mary Bushby, widow and Roberts and Elizabeth his wife, Beverly Waugh and Catharine his wife, Mary Bushby, & Joseph Bushby, heirs of William Bushby, deceased. and John Neill, } *In Chancery*

Defendants

The defendants, Mary Bushby, and Jonathan Roberts and Elizabeth his wife, Beverly Waugh, and Catharine his wife, Mary Bushby and Joseph Bushby, not having entered their appearance and giving security according to the statute and the rules of this court, and it appearing to the satisfaction of the court upon affidavit, that the said defendants Mary Bushby and Jonathan Roberts, and his wife Beverly Waugh, and Catharine his wife, Mary Bushby and Joseph Bushby, are, not inhabitants of this District; on motion of the complainants by their counsel, it is ordered that the said defendants, Mary Bushby, widow, and Jonathan Roberts, and Elizabeth his wife, Beverly Waugh and Catharine his wife, Mary Bushby and Joseph Bushby, do appear here on the first day of April term next, and enter their appearance to the suit, and give security for performing the decrees of the court, and that the other defendant, John Neill, do not pay away, convey, or secrete, the debts by them owing to, or the estate or effects in his hands, belonging to the said absent defendants Mary Bushby and Jonathan Roberts and Elizabeth his wife, Beverly Waugh and Catharine his wife, Mary Bushby and Joseph Bushby, until the further order or decree of this Court, and that a copy of this order be forthwith published for two months successively in one of the public newspapers published in this county, and that another copy be posted at the front door of the Court house of said county.

A copy—Test

G. DENEALE, C. C.

January 22 law2m

Land for Sale

A tract or parcel of Land, containing between two and three hundred acres on the north side of Occoquan, in Fair fax county, about 5 miles west of Occoquan mills. It is well watered with never failing springs, it is also well timbered, and the great quantity of fur timber on it renders it the more valuable to any person in the coopering line. This land is of the middle soil, and produces corn, wheat or any other grain tolerable well—there is about 100 acres cleared and under good fence. The improvements are a large dwelling house & other out houses and a good apple orchard of about sixty trees.

ALSO,

One other tract in the same county within three miles of Occoquan, lying on Sandy Run, containing 47 acres—one half in cultivation and under good fence, the remainder heavily timbered. There are on the premises an old framed dwelling house and out houses and an apple orchard of eighty bearing trees.

Any person inclining to purchase can view the premises and know the terms by applying to the subscriber who lives near them.

Thomas Gossom.

November 30 3months

NOTICE.

The subscriber intending to remove from this place in a short time, requests all those indebted to him by bond, note or open account, to come forward & settle them up to first of January 1817.

He will dispose of the Houses & Lots he now occupies, and possession given the 15th October next. The dwelling house is calculated for the accommodation of a family, with all the necessary out houses, and a very productive garden, subject to a small ground rent—the stand for retailing goods, or purchase of produce, is inferior to none in town.

It is deemed unnecessary togive a more minute description, as it is presumed those wishing to purchase will view the premises.

He will also sell a quarter acre Lot and Dwelling House thereon, near the court house.

The above property will bedisposed of on accommodating terms to those wishing to purchase.

GEORGE SMITH.

Dumfries, January 14—16 eotf

For Sale,

Just landed from schooner New Packet from Boston

30 barrels No 1 Mackerel
50 boxes mould candles no 5 & 6
30 do dipt do all sizes

Apply to Daniel Barnes at Faxon, Metcalf and Co's counting room.

December 21

Wanted,

Two Boys to the Hatting Business from 14 to 16 years of age, of good character and connections.

J. T. O. Wilbar.

February 18 tf

PAUL'S

Patent Columbian Oil.

In respect to which the Proprietor observes:—

"THE great sales of the Columbian Oil, since it has been brought before the public, prove its intrinsic value, and is a pleasing foreboding of what we have to expect from its more extensive circulation.

Many interesting certificates might be furnished, testifying to the great value of the Columbian Oil, but we have preferred giving but few, wishing to rest more on the merits of the medicine, than on the effects produced by certificates from a source however respectable.

The following are among the complaints in which the Columbian Oil has been found very efficacious, viz. rheumatism, consumption, gout, pains in any part of the body, but more particularly of the back and breast; asthma, phthisic, influenza, colds, coughs, whooping coughs, diseases of the eye and eye lids, toothache, ear ache, and deafness, cholic, cramps, external and internal bruises, sprains and flesh wounds, old sores, ulcers, felons, scalds, burns, mumps, dysentery or flux, croup, wimzy, diarhœa or lax, summer complaint of children, indigestion, loss of appetite, nervous debility, piles, mercurial diseases, especially in those cases where the system has been charged with mercury for some considerable time, and in those excruciating pains subsequent to its too great use and exposure. Herpes, or diseases of the skin, such as ring worms, tetters, scald head, &c. stiffness of joints and limbs, palsy ague and fever, cholera morbus, gravel, gleets, obstructed urine, scurvy, and in almost all cases of a general or local nature.

We are aware that in recommending a medicine in so many diseases, the public, especially those who have not used the Oil, may be induced to question its virtues; but a disposition of this nature will soon be dissipated, when they are informed that a great proportion of the diseases are owing to the same general cause.—And in those cases where the diseases differ materially in their nature, the effects produced are nearly the same, although not on the same principle.

A supply of the above just received and for sale by RICHARD H. LITLE, Druggist, King street

ON HAND,

Best Spanish Segars, and prime chewing Tobacco.

February 11 law3m

Alexandria Morocco Manufactory.

At the Corner of Oronoko & Water streets near the Fish wharf.

Where may be had, Morocco for gentlemen's boots, Morocco and American Kid of all colors for ladies' shoes, coachmakers' and hatters' Lining Skins, hatters' and spinning wool. The above articles manufactured in the best manner by the subscribers.

John D. Benkhert & Co.

N, B. All kinds of Silks scowered and dyed in the best manner.

November 7 eotf

FOR SALE BY

Anthony Rhodes,

13 boxes Spanish segars
88 qr. do do
96 do do half Spanish do
2 boxes straw bonnets
20 boxes ginger
1 ditto nutmegs
20 pair brass andirons
50 barrels prime herrings
15 ditto holibut
5 barrels currant wine.

Also, *a general assortment as usual of*

British and Domestic Dry GOODS,

too numerous to mention.

50 shares Columbian Insurance Stock
1 ditto Little River Turnpike do.

February 24 eo2w

Alexandria, Jan. 23.

WAS committed to the jail of this county as a runaway, a Negro Man, who says his name is BILL COOK, he is about 21 years of age, black complexion, 5 feet 6 inches high; had on a short jacket much pitched, and blue pantaloons; he says he was born free about three miles from Fauquier courthouse in the state of Virginia. The owner, if any, is requested to come and prove his property, pay charges & take him away; otherwise he will be disposed of as the law directs.

James Campbell, jailor.

january 29 law2m

Five Dollars Reward

Ran away on the first of June 1815 from the subscriber, a black boy by the name of Spencer Bennett. He is about 18 years old, and his father lives at the stone bridge in Alexandria. I purchased him of Mr. Thomas F. Herbert for a term of years. Reasonable charges will be paid if brought home or lodged in jail so that I get him again.

John T. O. Wilbar.

February 18 eo6t

Masters of vessels & others are forewarned not to harbor or employ said boy at their peril, as the law will be enforced against such offenders.